

9th February 2021

Freedom of Information Request – Reference No:20210241

REQUEST

I would like some information in relating to fines for breaching coronavirus rules for those returning to the UK from abroad.

Under the terms of the Freedom of Information Act, please could you provide me with the following information. Since 1st June 2020 the number of fines you have issued to individuals who have broken isolation or quarantine rules after returning to the UK from an overseas trip? If possible please list the size of the fine and the country they had travelled from.

RESPONSE

Section 17 of the Freedom of Information Act 2000 requires South Yorkshire Police, when refusing to provide such information (because the information is exempt), to provide you the applicant with a notice which:

- a.states that fact,
- b.specifies the exemption in question and
- c.states (if that would not otherwise be apparent) why the exemption applies.

The following exemption applies to the disclosure of the information:

Section 21 *'Information which is reasonably accessible by other means'*.

The NPCC publication scheme Operation Talla publishes force level information regarding FPN's issued in England and Wales for failing to isolate under [international travel regulations](#) which came into force on 8th June 2020. The current NPCC publication provides data up to 21st December 2020

<https://news.npcc.police.uk/releases/update-on-national-crime-trends-and-fixed-penalty-notice-issued-under-covid-regulations>

<https://cdn.prgloo.com/media/59a62d53903d4dc4b8e892cd9d3c2653.pdf>

Section 22 (1) (a) (b) - Information Intended for Future Publication

Public Interest Considerations

Information is exempt under S22(1)(a)(b) if the information is held by the Public Authority with a view to its publication, by the authority or any other person, at some future date (whether determined or not). This is a class-based exemption and requires me to conduct a public interest test.

Considerations favouring disclosure

- Where public funds are being spent in respects to policing operations, there is public interest in transparency and justification.
- Disclosure would be seen as embracing an ethos of openness and accountability.
- Disclosure would provide information necessary for public comment and debate to take place in 'real-time'.

Considerations favouring non-disclosure

- The public will benefit from all of the facts being available at the same time, meaning the information will be in context, and more comprehensive.
- To release information in a piecemeal manner, will also cause disruption to the organisation by placing unwarranted stress on resources, both in terms of finance and manpower.
- Full disclosure now would disrupt the Publication Strategy, which is intended to provide the public with an accurate and comprehensive insight. Piecemeal disclosures may in damage the process and affect the strategic aims of the operation.

Balancing test

In balancing these factors, it is important to state that the publication strategy for any release of information in relation to the subject of COVID – 19, was drafted prior to the date of the above request being made to SYP.

The strategy states that Information e.g. Communications, Strategy & Policy, Decision Making, Finances, Staffing, Complaints etc will be intended to be provided at a date when all proceedings relating to the operation have been determined as completed or figures finalised.

“In the Commissioner’s view, in order to engage section 22, a public authority must be able to show clearly which information within the scope of a request it intends to publish”

<https://ico.org.uk/>

It would not be beneficial at this stage to allocate resources to endeavour to collate answers to the above questions when the information is intended to be collated again in the future.

Therefore, at this time the balance lies firmly in waiting for when it is deemed appropriate to release figures that can be determined to be accurate and complete, as per the publication strategy.

The information you request falls within the scope of the NPCC Publication Strategy. Please see the following link to the Publication Strategy for the release of information in relation to COVID-19:

<https://www.npcc.police.uk/documents/FOI%20Performance%20Monitoring/Operation%20Talla%20Publication%20Strategy%2021042020.pdf>

In relation to your further questions regarding the size of the fine, and country data, I contacted our Force Lead, who has advised:-

The fines were all to the value of £1000. We do not record the country within our records.